# Financials of Apprenticeship at Community Colleges

Adele Burnes Regional Director of Apprenticeships adele@baccc.net



"Let's encourage businesses to become creators, not just consumers of talent by establishing an audacious goal of 500,000 earn-and-learn apprenticeships by 2029."

Governor Gavin Newsom

## Apprenticeship Agenda

- Overview
- Funding sources
- Cost model

Please ask questions throughout!



# What is a Registered Apprenticeship (RA)?

BACCC

VITY COLLEGE CONSORTIUN

A structured education and training program that takes place in the workplace and includes:

- On-the-job (OTJ) training usually at least 2000 hours (1 year FT)
- Classroom-based, related and supplemental instruction (RSI) – recommended 144 hours

An apprentice is a full-time, paid employee of the sponsoring organization.

# On-The-Job Training

BACCC

• Work processes established in partnership with employer

- Learn by doing
- Designated **mentor** trains the apprentice on the job
- Progressive Wages Scales
  - Articulated skills progression
     with at least one wage increase.
  - Wage progression starts around ~50% of what an experienced person holding that role (journeyperson) would be making. That progression should finalize ~90% of a journeyperson compensation.

## Types of Registered Apprenticeship

Time-based program	Measures progress based on the number of hours an apprentice has spent in on-the-job training (OJT) and related and supplemental instruction (RSI) Typically 2000 hrs OJT and 144 hrs RSI
Competency based Program	Measures progress based on the apprentice's demonstrated ability to perform the duties associated with the occupation The program cannot be less than six months
Hybrid program	Includes both time-based and competency-based requirements.

## Apprenticeship Stakeholders

#### Employer(s)

Identify entry level role. Collaborate to develop the work process. Selects apprentices Employs and pays the apprentice and trains on the Job

#### Intermediary/ Program Sponsor

Convenes the stakeholders Collaborates to design the program Registers the occupation Recruits and selects apprentices Reports back to DAS regarding OJT hours

Partners to design/oversee curriculum Educates the apprentices Funding flows through LEA Reports back to DAS/CCCCO training hours

Local Education Agency (LEA)

### Government DAS & DOL

Supporting and Approving Standards Funding for Apprenticeship Tracking Apprenticeship hours (OJT and training)

## Apprentice Working Learning and upskilling Earning

# **Funding Sources**



## **POWERED BY**



California Community Colleges

## Funding Reality of Apprenticeship in CA



# Funding Reality of Apprenticeship in CA

### Possible Funding Sources



Sustainable and ongoing funding source

Grant cycles to tap into but can be ongoing funding source

Large one time funds, but not sustainable

Operational financing

sustainable

 $\overline{O}$ 

Startup Costs

# Apportionment Funding and RSI Funding



## **POWERED BY**



California Community Colleges

## Feb 2020 CCCCO Memo

"Allows for the attendance of apprentices enrolled in any class offered for community college credit by a community college, as part of state approved apprenticeship training program, to be <u>reimbursed at</u> <u>the per credit FTES funding rate."</u> "<u>No apprentice will be charged the</u> <u>\$46 per unit enrollment fee, or</u> nonresident tuition, for any course taken as part of an approved DAS apprenticeship program, whether the student's attendance is reported on the CCFS-320 or CCFS-321."

# Ongoing Apprenticeship Financing

These changes mean that as of 2020, Colleges can now choose to either collect RSI funding or Apportionment funding to cover the cost of apprenticeship programs.

## **Apportionment FTES Funding**

~\$9.25/hr

Reported on CCFS-320

## **RSI Funding**

\$6.77/hr

5% increase became effective July 1, 2021

Reported on CCFS-321

## **RSI Mechanics**

BACCC BAY AREA

## \$6.77/hr

On a reimbursement basis, once a year

## Rough timeline:

- Jan-May Inquiry from Chancellor's Office on Apprenticeship training hours
   now reported through NOVA
- May-June Calculation made about what portion of funding goes to each partner
- July-Sept Funding should arrive to College, who then passes 80-90% of it onto partner

# 2021 Memo on RSI Funding

Feb 24, 2021



The purpose of this memo is to clarify guidance on reporting Attendance Accounting for Apprenticeship Related and Supplemental Instruction (RSI) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2019-20, as a result of COVID-19.

The Chancellor's Office recognizes that California measures to prevent the spread of COVID-19 across the state have impacted Community College District (CCD) and Local Educational Agency (LEA) apprenticeship training programs. Many CCDs and LEAs have had to suspend in-person classroom activities in order to:

1) Convert courses to on-line instruction, or;

2) Wait until instruction can begin again in-person, which could create a loss of instructional hours.

To help ensure CCDs and LEAs do not lose RSI funding due to current restrictions, the Chancellor's Office will use FY 2018-19 RECAL hours (apprenticeship attendance hours generated on the CCFS-321) when calculating RSI funding for FY 2019-20. However, CCDs and LEAs should submit actual FY 2019-20 RECAL hours on or before March 12, 2021. Chancellor's Office staff will then make the necessary adjustments to FY 2019-20 RSI data for apportionment distribution in RECAL.

Please note that CCDs and LEAs are required to maintain attendance records for audit purposes, in accordance with guidance documents and memos. This guidance is consistent with other hold harmless protections provided by our office due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

All other requirements to be eligible for RSI apportionment funding remain the responsibility of the CCD and LEA pursuant to Education Code Section 79149.3.

If you have any questions please contact Nick Esquivel at nesquivel@cccco.edu

## Apportionment / FTES Funding

FTES is the amount the state pays for a Full Time Equivalent Student minus any amount the college collects in fees



Reported through Enrollment Fee Revenue form CCSF 323 Reported through Apportionment Attendance Report form CCFS-320

## FTES Funding and Apprenticeship

- Colleges can now (as of Feb 2020) collect FTES for all apprentices taking courses with the college
- June 2018, AB 1809 (Higher Education Trailer Bill 2017-18) mandates that no apprentice will be charged the \$46 per unit enrollment fee,



Reported through Apportionment Attendance Report form CCFS-320

Colleges recoup waived fees in FTES, so it is NOT lost financing

Using Work Experience with Apprenticeship Programs

# Title 5 Regulations

Cooperative Work Experience Education is a district-initiated and district-controlled program of education consisting of the following types:

• (a) General Work Experience Education is supervised employment which is intended to assist students in acquiring desirable work habits, attitudes and career awareness. The work experience need not be related to the students' educational goals.

• (b) Occupational Work Experience Education is supervised employment extending classroom based occupational learning at an on-the-job learning station relating to the students' educational or occupational goal.

#### THOMSON REUTERS WESTLAW California Code of Regulations A Home C Updates Q Search @ Help

#### Home » Table of Contents

§ 55252. Types of Cooperative Work Experience Education. 5 CA ADC § 55252 BARCLAYS OFFICIAL CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS

Term >

Barclays Official California Code of Regulations <u>Currentness</u> Title 5. Education Division 6. California Community Colleges Chapter 6. Curriculum and Instruction Subchapter 3. Alternative Instructional Methodologies Article 4. Cooperative Work Experience Education

5 CCR § 55252

§ 55252. Types of Cooperative Work Experience Education.

Cooperative Work Experience Education is a district-initiated and district-controlled program of education consisting of the following types:

(a) General Work Experience Education is supervised employment which is intended to assist students in acquiring desirable work habits, attitudes and career awareness. The work experience need not be related to the students' educational goals.

(b) Occupational Work Experience Education is supervised employment extending classroom base occupational learning at an on-the-job learning station relating to the students' educational or occupational goal.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 66700 and 70901, Education Code. Reference: Sections 70901, 70902 and 78249, Education Code.

# Work Experience

a) ...<u>students may earn up to a total of 16 semester</u> <u>credit hours or 24 quarter credit hours</u>, subject to the following limitations:

(2) Occupational Work Experience Education.

A maximum of eight credit hours may be earned during one enrollment period in occupational work experience education.

(b) The district policy on course repetition adopted pursuant to section 55040 may permit a student to repeat a cooperative work experience course any number of times so long as the student does not exceed the limits on the number of units of cooperative work experience education set forth in subdivision (a). Consistent with section 58161, attendance of a student repeating a cooperative work experience course pursuant to this subdivision may be claimed for state apportionment.

Title 5, Div. 6, Ch 6, Subch 4, Art 4., Sec. 55253



## Course Types

Course Type	Intent of Course type	Time to develop & approve a new course	Academic Senate Curriculum Approval Process	Who teaches these?	Count towards Certificate	Count towards Associates Degree
Not-for-Credit	Community Education. Short term training, responds quickly to industry needs Contract Education*	4-6 months		Contract Instructors - do not need to meet Min Qualifications		
Non-Credit	Appear on Transcript but with no grade. No credit received for completing the course. Used more in CTE. Repeatable.	1-2 years		Faculty - Do need to meet Min Qual		
Credit	For Credit classes. Count towards a transcript with a grade. Can be transferable.	1-2 years		Faculty - Do need to meet Min Qual		

\*Contract Education can actually be any of the above 3 categories, but what is important is that external 3rd party pay all associated costs.

## Course Funding in Apprenticeship Context

Course Type	Who pays for the course?	RSI Funding Eligible	FTES / Apportionment Eligible
Not-for-Credit	<ul> <li>Student or</li> <li>Grant, SWP or</li> <li>External Partner</li> </ul>	√ (?)	
Non-Credit	Apportionment* (zero cost to student)		√ *
Credit	Apportionment AND \$46/credit enrollment fee for student**	√ **	√ **

\*\*Colleges CANNOT charge apprentices the \$46/credit

# **Current Funding Opportunity**



CA Apprenticeship Initiative Pre-Apprenticeship and Apprenticeship Grant

- RFA released August 17th
- Bidders Conference Thursday Sept 23, 2-3pm
- Written Question by Oct 15
- Submissions due December 17th

Total Pool of funds is \$45-90M Grant size up to 500K

The CAI program is designed to provide startup funding for the creation of new preapprenticeship and apprenticeship programs. Priority will be given to applications proposing programs in new, innovative, and non-traditional sectors that are responsive to economic recovery with equity in light of the COVID-19 pandemic.

## Link to RFA

# Current Funding Opportunities



## K12 Strong Workforce Program Round 4 Funding

- Released Aug 16
- Questions by Sept 17
- Deadline Oct 15

Total funding 150M statewide, 30.8M for Bay Area.

Award Range - \$250K-2M

Strong Workforce Program K12 grant funds is to support K–12 local education agencies (LEAs) in creating, improving, and expanding career technical education (CTE) courses, course sequences, programs of study, and pathways for students transitioning from secondary education to postsecondary education to living-wage employment.

## Link to RFA

# **Current Funding Opportunities**



## EDA - Good Jobs Challenge

- Released July 22, 2021
- Deadline Jan 26, 2022

Total funding 500M

Award Range - \$1M -\$25M

This ARPA Good Jobs Challenge NOFO is designed to help get Americans back to work by developing and strengthening regional systems to develop and execute sectoral partnerships that will lead to well-paying jobs. The goal of regional workforce training systems is to create and implement effective employer-driven training programs that will connect the existing and emerging skills needs of employers with workers and will help workers find and keep quality jobs and advance along their chosen career path.

#### Link to RFA

# Upcoming Funding Opportunities



## High Road Training Partnership Funding in 2021-2022 CA Budget

- \$100M to make additional High Road Training Partnership Grants
- \$25M one time to establish HRTPs aligned with CA Community Colleges

An HRTP is a partnership to develop the workforce considering the following principles

- Equity: Building economic opportunity and mobility for those who have been marginalized, disadvantaged, and/or denied opportunity.
- Climate: Mitigating and supporting adaptation to climate change; increasing environmental sustainability; building community and economic resilience.
- Jobs: Engaging with the state's high road employers to increase quality jobs and design skills answers to their shared needs.

# Cost Model



## **POWERED BY**



California Community Colleges

## Community College Levels of Engagement

	Level 1 - Contract Ed Development	Level 2 - Instructional Partner	Level 3 - LEA Funding Partner	Level 4 - Program Sponsor
Teaching	New courses developed and taught through Contract Ed	Apprentices are enrolled in classes offered at the college	Apprentices are in existing courses or courses get approved	Apprentices are enrolled in credit courses
Reporting		Form CCFS 320 - FTES	Form CCFS 320 and/or 321 RSI Collection and Management	Form CCFS 320 and/or 321 DAS Reporting
Registering	MOU Letter of Support to Program Sponsor	MOU Letter of Support to Program Sponsor	MOU Letter of Support to Program Sponsor	College registers the occupation with DAS
Recruiting			Might do some on campus marketing - website	College convenes employer partners, manages committee, recruits and selects apprentices.
Running			Sometimes offers supportive services to apprentices	College runs all aspects of the apprenticeship program.

Additional Work of Apprenticeship when compared to a regular CTE or GE College Program

# BACCC BAY AREA

IUNITY COLLEGE CONSORTIUN

#### Startup Work:

- Initial setup and gathering stakeholders to articulate occupation
- Clearly defining the roles of different partners and who does what
- Aggregating employer demand
- Grant application, compliance and reporting as needed
- Filing the standards with DAS and/or DOL

### Ongoing work:

- Managing employer relationships
- Recruiting, matching and placing students into apprenticeships
- Apprentice placement and apprenticeship journey support
- Wrap around support for apprentices (childcare, transportation, emergency food or housing support)
   Critical to creating equitable pathway.
- Tracking and reporting the apprentices back to CCCCO and DAS/DOL
- Troubleshooting and adjudicating stakeholders in a JATC/UATC

# **Cost Drivers**

Primary possible cost categories to the Program Sponsor

Note - This does NOT include apprentice wages or benefits, which are assumed to be covered by the employer partners.



- Administration:
  - Running the program
  - Recruit and manage employer partners
  - Coordination between partner organizations such as LEA/training partner or Workforce Development Board
  - Fiscal management, data and performance tracking
- Instruction Related and supplemental Instruction, classroom training
  - Faculty/Trainers
- Equipment and Supplies
  - Specialized equipment for training
  - Supplies for training (laptops, tools, uniforms, safety equipment, etc)
- Support Services for apprentices:
  - Transportation assistance
  - Childcare
  - Emergency assistance

#### PROJECTED Percentage of total cost%



# Drilling down a little more



Supporting the expansion of apprenticeships and providing access statewide.



POWERED BY THE FOUNDATION for CALIFORNIA COMMUNITY COLLEGES



## Toward Sustainability and Scale

A Playbook for California Apprenticeship Stakeholders and Champions

March 2021

**Prepared for** Foundation for California Community Colleges

#### Prepared by

Kristin Wolff, Melissa Mack, Caleb van Docto, and Vinz Koller SOCIAL POLICY RESEARCH ASSOCIATES





# Questions

Adele Burnes

Regional Director of Apprenticeships

Bay Area Community College Consortium

adele@baccc.net

# How to not charge apprentices \$46/unit enrollment fee

## The Traditional Method

Determine Apprenticeship Courses

A&R Exempts All Students

#### Billing

In traditional apprenticeship programs (RSI funded), courses are specifically designated as apprenticeship courses (SAM-A Code).

Only apprentices are enrolled in these courses.

The apprenticeship coordinator (often the faculty lead) communicates with A&R which courses are SAM-A courses. A&R makes sure that none of the apprentices are charged enrollment. Depending on arrangement, historically, college might have billed:

- Sponsor
- Union
- Partner
- Grant

#### They should now, not do that.

## Manual Solution when classes combined

# System Setup A&R Exempts Section Billing

If there are courses where there is a combination of apprentices and nonapprenticeship students:

- Create a separate section of the course and calibrate the # cap on the class such that the two sections
   total number of students actually in the classroom
- Faculty needs to work with Program to plan for # of apprentices
- 30 days before class remaining spots need to be opened up to public

The apprenticeship coordinator (often the faculty lead) communicates with A&R to setup, manage #s and tag the section as SAM-A course. A&R makes sure that none of the apprentices in the SAM-A Code sections are charged enrollment. Apprentices enrolled in the apprenticeship section are NOT charged the \$46/unit enrollment fee.

## New Pilot Method

## ellucian<sup>®</sup> BANNER

### Establish System

#### A&R Pilot Implementation

### Billing

Work with A&R to establish 2 types of exemption codes:

- Apprenticeship Exemption code associated with the Student
- Course Exemption code associated with a class
- Create system such that ONLY when both exemption codes are present, an apprentice is not charged the \$46/unit

- Student enrolls
- Apprenticeship program give A&R a list of apprentices and they are tagged in the system with an exemption code
- Apprenticeship program give A&R a list of apprenticeship related courses, and those courses are tagged with an exemption code

When the system detects BOTH the student apprentice exemption code AND the apprenticeship class exemption code, the student is NOT charged the \$46/unit enrollment fee